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DYSPEPSIA.

#### NEBRASKA DEMOCRATS MEET.

Hon. John H. Ames, of Lincoln, for Supreme Judge.

NOMINATED BY ACCLAMATION.

W. S. McKenna, of Adams, and P. W. Hess, of Platte, Selected for Regents of the State University.

Fine Nominers. Judge of the supreme court-John H.

Regents of the state university-Second district: W. I. McKenna, of Adams county. Third district: P. W. Hess, of Platt county.

The Convention. It was 10 minutes of 8 o'clock last night when C. S. Montgomery, secretary of the state democratic committee, called the democratic convention to order in Washington hall, on Eighteenth street, near Harney. Mr. Montgomery consoled himself and the delagates present by remarking that although there were but few present, he had never seen a better looking lot of men. He then catled for nominations for a temporary chair-

Mr. Miller, of Butler, nominated A. J. Poppleton, of Omaha, who was elected without opposition.

Mr. Poppleton, on assuming the chair, remarked that when the flesh pots of politics were in sight the character of conventions was not usually of the highest order, but when a mmority party, one buried under a majority of 30,000, met year after year to put up candidates, their action was generally the result of pure motives. Since the state had been a state the democrats had never flinched. The office of supreme judge never flinched. The office of supreme judge and important in the state. The was the most important in the state. The election of a democrat to the office of supreme judge would be an era in the history United States as one of the greatest events

United States as one of the greatest events in the extronology of the state.

When Mr Poppieton had concinded, W. H. Heller, of Washington e county, was selected as temporary secretary, while Montgomery, of Douglas, Miller of Butler, Bryun, of Lancaster, Gates of Sarpy, and Martin, of Richardson, were selected as a committee on credentials.

The chargement of the greatest events.

The chairman of the committee reported that there were no contests, and that all credentials seemed to be correct. He recommended that the convention proceed without the formality of reading the list, and that each delegation cast its full vote. This was

J. Sterling Morton moved that a committee of five on resolutions be appointed, which prevailed. Miller of Butler, was chosen assistant secretary, after which the chair appointed J. Sterling Morton, of Otoc; Martin, of Douglas; Bryan, of Lancaster; Martin, of Richardson, and Hastings, of Saline, a committee on resolutions.

Pending the report of the committee, Morting of Saline, and Hastings, of Saline, a committee on resolutions.

rissey, of Douglas, called for Dr. Abbott, of Fremont, to unravel a little demogratic doc-trine. Amid loud cries of "Abbott," the gentleman came forward. He made a very humorous speech, in which he remarked that he had not been in the democratic party long enough to make a democratic harangue; that he had been taken in on probation, as it were. He arraigned the republican party for all the evils the flesh is heir to. "Nebraska," said he, "is an agricultural state. She sends her crops to Liverpool untaxed and receives in return goods which are weighed down with an enormous tariff. But the state, with its 30,000 majority, will yet turn and demand a change. The question is not a party one, and he who would make a party question of it deserves to lose his

Manderson and his pension next received attention, and for ten minutes the goctor ridiculed the idea of that gentleman receiv-ing a bounty from the government. Prohibition was his next theme, and a vig-

orous argument in favor of personal liberty followed, which was greeted with tremen-

The main question of the hour, however, in the doctor's opinion, is whether the great corporations of the state should nominate the judges of the supreme court or not. The railroads had dominated in the republican convention by 200 proxy votes, and it was time for even republicans to call a halt, After urging the convention to make a wise selection, Dr. Albert closed his speech Mr. Montgomery then moved that the convention proceed to nominate a judge of the supreme court and two regents of the uni-

Mr. Morrissey amended by moving that the names be presented.

The motion prevailed, but before proceeding the secretary was instructed to read the

call, which was done, Morrissey then placed in nomination for supreme judge Eleazer Wakeley. Morrissey paid Judge Wakeley a very handsome tribute, which was warmly received, but the following from Judge Wakeley, declining to

run if nominated, put an end to his efforts in Judge Wakeley's behalf. To Hen. W. A. Paxton, A. J. Poppieton, Euclid Martin and others, delegates-Messrs: The fact that my nomination by the democratic convention, as a candidate for judge of the supreme court, has been sug-gested, and to some extent urged, will, I

trust, excuse this communication.

A seat upon the bench of a supreme court is worthy the ambition of any lawyer; and I do not affect to be indifferent to the honor and the opportunity which would come from it, if bestowed upon me. But reasons exist, both of a cubic and private nature, which, in my judgment, would amply justify me in declining, at this time, to enter a contest for the place; and would forbid me to accept a nomination for it. I desire, therefore, that my name shall not be presented for consid-

ation. Permit me, further, to express the hope that the convention may take such action as will fitly show its appreciation of the dignity and independence of the office, and emphasize the just public sentiment which demands that all courts and all the approaches to them, shall be absolutely free from the dominance of any sinister influence, or any special interest. Very respectfully,

E. WAKELEY.

The committee on resolutions made the

following report: Protection—As democrats and as repre-Protection—As democrate and as repre-sentatives of an exclusively agricultural commonwealth, we deadunce and protest against the protective tariff policy of the re-publican party, which makes the United States the most exclusively taxed country in christendom; which makes the rich richer and the poor poorer; which, by law, makes farming unprofitable in every state and territory of the union by artfully lifting the prices of all the farmer has to sell by de-

stroying his natural market. Arid Land Appropriations—We denounce and protest against appropriations to irrigate descrt lands because the farmers of the United States should not be further taxed to create competition for their farms and themselves. We have already enough arable land to glut a home market and put nearly all farm products below the cost of production. Until the tariff taxes are off the farmer can stand no such hostile legislation—such decree of forage upon existing farms. such requisition for the creation of his own

Sugar Bounties-We denounce as a perversion of the legislative power the sugar bounty law enacted at the last session of our legislature, which seeks to bestow upon pri-vate corporations money raised by taxation under the plea of encouraging home indus-tries. We also condemn such legislation as an illegal interference with inter-state commerce, and an application of the protective

rinciple to state government. Pan-American Congress—We regard with interest the present session of the Pan-American concress, called together by a democratic administration, and hereby express the hope that the attention of the dele-gates from abroad may not be called to the official utterances and literature of the reofficial utterances and literature of the re-publican party, lest they be convinced that our national wealth and greatness are due to the discouraging of foreign commerce and be led to follow an example and exclude our products from the South American republics. Substities—We denounce and protest against subsidies, either of public lands or public moneys, to steamship lines, railroad commands or to any other private corpora-

companies or to any other private corpor-stions. We further protest against the loan of the public credit or the extension of any loan already made to either the Central Pa-cific, the Union Pacific or any other railroad

company. We demand that the government shall suferce payment of corporations in de-fault as it does of individuals, by due process of law. Let their property be sold when the mortgages become due, to the highest bidder. Then the roads can be capitalized for less money, fixed charges be reduced, and more reasonable transportation rates be

"iemperance—Believing that the object of government is best attained by giving to the individual the largest liberty consistent with public safety, we regard with dis-trust the various forms of sumptuary legislation, and accept a well regulated and carefully guarded license law as the most peaceable solution of the liquor question. Special Legislation -- We are opposed to all class legislation, state or national, and pro-

test against the encouragement or discour-agement of special industries by law, believ-ing that such matters can be safely left to the ood sense of our people. Pensions—We commend the democratic the angular two commend the democratic utterance of Corporal Tanner, late commissioner of pensions, "The affidavit of a private soldier shall be worth as much as that of a commissioned officer;" but we protest against the prevailing abuses of the pension bureau, which threaten to swamp not only the public revenues, but likewise all com-mon sense distinctions between honorably discharged soldiers and deserters; between

disabilities incurred in the service and those contracted since; between worthy veterans, who in old age need their country's help, and exhuberantly healthy, robust gentlemen of independent incomes, whose patriotic pride should scorn to accept that help. We denounce as fraudulent all pensions for chronic diseases drawn by men who at the same time secure and carry polices of ife insurance.

No good government will fail to pension a chronic disease in its service. No good life insurance company can or will usure a person known to have a chronic dis-

But good government and good life insurance should jointly take effective care that the pensions for having a chronic disease, and for not having a chronic disease be not issued to the same man. Either the

pension or the policy in such cases is a swin-dle; both cannot be honest.

Therefore we demand elimination of all fraudulent pensioners from the rolls, so that deserving soldiers may thus enhance their security for the just dept which the government righteously owes to them.

The resolutions were adopted.

Lyon, of Lancaster, put in nomination Hon. John H. Ames, of Lincoln. When he had finished his speech, ex-Governor Butler, representing the union labor party, made a speech in Jvdge Ames' behalf, and promised the democrats 5,000 votes if they placed him in nomination. That settled it, and Ames was nominated by acclamation. For regents of the state university W. S. McKenna, of Adams county, was nominated in the Second district, and P. W. Hess, of Platte county, for the Third. Miller, of Butler, asked for speakers to

assist Caspar, the candidate for congress in the Second district. J. Sterling Morton re-sponded to the appeal by a speech, after which the convention adjourned.

THEY INDORSED CLARKSON.

The Democrats Favor the Bar's Selection for Judge.

When the democratic judicial convention met yesterday afternoon everything indicated a lively session. There were two strong factions, each openly avowing its purpose of establishing a precedent, the justice and order of which would hereafter remain undisputed. One faction, headed by A. J. Poppleten, John D. Howe and others advocated the bar's selection, Joseph R. Clarkson, while the other fought to have the convention follow the example set by the republicans Mouday in nominating a candidate for judge.

"There is only one respectable thing for us to do," said Mr. Howe, "and that is to indorse Clarkson. I think, also, that is what we will do."

This opinion echoed the feelings of Mr. Poppleton as well as a number of others. However, they recognized the fact that there was strong opposition to them, though just how strong could not easily be determined. The latter was headed by Con. Gallagher, Frank Morrissey and 'J'm Creighton, who had been flying frantically about the streets looking for delecates from the cutside counties and trying to fix them. aliagher complained bitterly of Euclid Martin's partiality in putting thirty-three lawyers on the delegation, all of whom be thought were bound to be for Clarkson. This left thirty-nine of the Douglas county delegation, and the twenty-four from Burt, Sarpy and Wasnington counties to compose

a majority.
"We are going in there," he continued, "to break down this idea," said one, "that the bar must select our judges. The country delegation will be with us, because they had no representation at the bar meeting. I concede the vacany to a republican and am willing to indorse Davis, the republican nomines. The delegates met at the police court

room at 2 o'clock. Jim Creighton came in early, under the guidance of W. F. Gurley, and began an anxious canvass among the delegates in the interests of H. J. Davis, the republican nomince for district judge.

Mary Doe, an elderly lady with a shaker bonnet, occupied a prominent seat in the front row of delegates and was an interested spectator. She got in by mistake and quietly waited for her name to be called to answer to the charge of

name to be called to answer to the charge of being drunk.

C. S. Montgemery called the convention to order at 2 o'clock, and C. H. Brown was chosen temporary chairman without opposi-tion, and W. H. Eller, of Blair, temporary secretary.
The anti-Clarkson delegation, headed by Con Gallagher and Frank Morrissey, occu-

pied the benches assigned for business at the police court sessions. They received their sentence at the hands of the convention.

A committee of five on credentials re-

ported the names of parties entitled to seats n the convention.
The first row of the series was started, evidently without intention, by C. S. Montgomery, who offered a motion that the delegates present be authorized to cast the full vote of the counties they represented.

Con Gallagher and Frank Morrissey op-

posed the motion. They wanted each dele-gate to east his own individual vote, and if any delegates were too lazy or indifferent to attend they should not have a voice in the

After some bickering the motion was with drawn and a substitute offered by Hon. A. J. Poppleton that the convention recommend Joseph R. Clarkson for the suffrages of the non-partisan voters of the district.

This motion sprung the full force of the

"That's a gag resolution," yelled Gal-igher. "I want to vote for another man; how am I to get a chance?"

"By voting down my resolution," quietly responded Mr. Poppleton.
Galiaguer roared. He was opposed to the convention being run by lawyers.
"And I am opposed," retorted Mr. Poppleton, "to having a man attempt to dictate to this convention, who comes here holding a commission under a republican administra-tion. The fact that I am a democrat doesn't prevent me from favoring a non-partisan judiciary, a system that has given our party two honored representatives upon the bench of this district. They were put there by the

votes of non-partisan patriots indorsing the choice of a non-partisan bar." Mr. Gallagher replied that ne had earned a right to hold a commission under any administration on the fields of his country's

It was Jim Creighton's turn then. He shook his gold headed cane at the chairman and said he was troubled to understand why all the row was being raised over two repub-licans. He was in favor of nominating a straight democrat for the place. Mr. Poppleton withdrew his motion and substituted one calling for an informal vote for candidates.

Then there was a skirmish. On a division of the house on a previous motion the Clarkson faction had 24 votes to 23 of the opposition. Two country delegates came in and book seats with the Gallagher collection. It looked a little blue for a moment, until three belated Clarkson delegates arrived and the vote went on. John D. Howe received 1 vote, A. J. Poppieton 2, and C. H. Brown 2. Joseph R. Clarkson received 24 and W. H. Eller, of Blair, 24. Before the vote was announced Attorney Pritchett came in and cast his vote for Eller, giving him twenty-five votes, a majority of one over Clarkson.

The announcement of the informal ballot was cheered by the Gallagher crowd, but the wind was taken out of their sails by their

prospective candidate ref.eing to allow his name to be used in earnest by the convention.

Gallagher then formally placed the name of H. J. Davis before the convention.

Morrissey insisted upon Eller being a candidate, and said he would not think much of the democracy of a democrat who would not support a straight democrat for the nomina-

Follow Morrissey's advice and you nommate a man simply to be knocked down, and in two years the democracy will not have a presentative on the district bench," said

The majority of the delegates seemed to concur in Mr. Poppleton's opinion, and the formal ballot resulted: Sarkson...... 84

The indorsement of Mr. Clarkson was made unanimous and the convention ad-

An Independent.

Judge Morrison has complied with the reuest of a number of attorneys to run as an adependent candidate for justice of the peace in the Third district. He is in the ace and will make a hard struggle to retain his present position.

Attention Candidates.

The members of the democratic county central committee will meet in the parlors of Julius Meyer's, Twelfth and Farnam streets, this afternoon at 2 o'clock All candidates are requested to be present as important business will come un

EUCLID MARTIN, chairman, P. BIRKHOUSER, secretary.

Second Ward Democrats. Democrats of the Second ward are requested to meet at 8 o'clock this evening, at 1512 South Sixteenth street, Hart-man's building. All democrats of the First recinct are requested to attend and register.

John F. Boyd Sick. John F. Boyd, the democratic candidate for sheriff, is lying quite ill at his home on Twenty-ninth avenue. He caught a severe cold on Saturday, which has developed symptoms of pneumonia. He has been con-fined to his bed since noon Monday and cannot, under any circumstances, be out

Most men, otherwise strong in body and mind, will become unhappy and break down when afflicted with rueumatism. If they would only try Salvation Oil they would find relief at once. Price 25c.
Thousands of bottles of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup have been sold by W. H. Brown & Bro., Bulto., Md.

REGISTER, REGISTER. Registrars, and Where Toey Will

Officiate. Under the new law the registrars of elec-

tion will sit in continuation of their duties to-day from 8 a. m. till 9 p. m. They comprise the following officials, and will be found at the following places: FIRST WARD. First District-Radroad tiexet office, 807

South Tenth street. C. P. Burkett, Scott Butler, J. B. Toone. Second District—Barber shop, 1119 South Sixthstreet. E. G. Flagg, E. K. Long, R. J.

Third district—Hirt's grocery, Tenth street between Dorcas and Martha, C. F. Good-man, B. M. Simita, P. H. Mahan. SECOND WARD. First District—George N. Wells, 1219 South Sixteenth street. K. W. Bartos, W. A. Al-stadt, William Holmes. Second District—Pickard, market, 1940

Vinton street. L. D. Pickard, Dan O'Keefe, William Gatewoood. THIRD WARD. First District—No.917 Capitol avenue. D. Cosgrove, D. McLeod, P. Crossiey, Second District—No. 319 South Eleventh street. J. A. Fogarty, Ed Hartley, W. S.

FOURTH WARD. First District-Leslies' drug store, 102 South Sixteenth street. George H. Leslie, Charles Ellis, L. V. Wolfe Second-Little's cigar store, 1505 Farnan street. A. McIntosh, Charles Little, Ed.

Parratt. FIFTH WARD. First District-Costello's cigar store, 50 Sixteenth street. John Wallace, Alex Gray, Frank Friedly Second District—1816 Sherman avenue, between Corby and Ohio streets. Charles Wilkins, E. C. Erfling, O. K. Backus.

SIXTH WARD. First District—Club room, Twenty sixth and Lake streets. W. A. Grant, E. C. Glenn, Frank Wiggs. Second District—Lyceum hall, Twentyfourth and Elkhorn railway. W. H. Hen-shaw, A. F. Mayne, J. S. Boyd. Third District—Stevens' grocery, Thirty-

third and Parker streets SEVENTH WARD. First District—Republican headquarters at Pars avenue, between Poppleton avenue and Woodworth avenue: Charles L. Thomas, N. W. Nelson, E. T. Shelby.

Second District—Riewe's store, Twenty-sixth and Walnut streets: P. J. Quealey,

Frank Crawford, Harry Green. EIGHTH WARD. First District-2103 Cuming street, at barber shop: J. E. Smail, Jacob Moore, J. H. Winspear.

Second District-2402 Cuming street, drug store: A. W. Parker, Thomas Doyle, J. H. NINTH WARD.

First District—2908 Farnam street: W. F. Heins, J. B. Patterson, S. S. Van Buren.
Second District—Ryan's office, corner
Lowe and Mercer avenues. A. C. Edwards,
B. L. Stewart, C. H. Webster.

Have You Registered? The remaining days on which voters may register are as follows: Wednesday, October 16; Thursday. October 24; Friday, November 1: Saturday, November 2. fhe registry in each ward will be kept open on each of the above days from 8 a. m.

Very Unbecoming.

Lovely tints in the wrong place are reft of their charm. A lemon colored countenance—the peculiar endowment of our pig-tailed brethren who "hit the pipe"—is unbecoming. It suggests bile going astray, and the infer-ence is correct. Pain beneath the ribs and shoulder blades, constination, dyspepsia, furred tongue and sick headaches supplement this indication of the billious, For liver complaint and its mutifarious symptoms, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is an infallible specific. It relaxes the bowels sufficiently, but without groups or violence. To the but without griping or violence. To the secretion of blic it gives a due impulse, but banishes an excess of that saffron colored principle from the blood. Sick headaches, sourness of the breath and fur upon the tongue disappear when it is used. It renews direction, fortifies the system against malaria, counteracts a rhematic tendency, and remedies inaction of the kidneys.

JUDGE BREWER'S HEALTH. He Says He is as Healthy and Vigor-

ous as Ever. Judge D. G. Brewer, of the United States circuit court, was in Omaha yesterday enroute to Des Moines from Denver, and made a call on the court officials.

The judge had a very severe spell of sick ness last spring and it has repeatedly been reported that his constitution was broken down, but this he denies. Speaking on the subject he said:

"I am as healthy, strong and vigorous as ever I was, and just as able to endure as much hard work."

He has been holding a long term of court at Denver, in which some important litiga-tion, involving large corporations, was tried. He expects, however, to have a comparative-iy easy time for the remainder of the year. He will be present at the opening of the November term of court in this district.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Dearrhon Remedy.

This medicine can always be depended upon, not only in the milder forms of summer complaint, but also for malignant dysentery and cholera infantum. The lives of many persons and especially children are saved by it each year.

IT HAS WEDDED THE MOTOR

Mercer's "Streaks of Rust" Gobbled by the "Consolldated."

POWERFUL MONOPOLY.

Details of the Deal, Value of the Property, and the Future Management of the Great Corporacion.

Joined the Consolidated.

At noon yesterday was consummated one of the the most important deals ever consummated in Omaha. It was the purchase of the system of the Omaha Motor company by the Omaha Street Railway company and as a result, the consolidation of the two great rival

The stockholders of the motor company receive as a consideration all the money they invested in the buildings and equipping of the road, namely \$5,000,000, and in addition to this one-fifth of all the stock in the new consolidated company.

The latter will probably continue to be known as the Omaha Street Railway com-

It is said that Dr. Mercer, president of

the Omaha Motor company, was opposed to the deal, but was "frozen out" by the other stockholders in the motor company, who sold enough of their stock to the Omaha Street Railway company to give the latter a controlling interest in the concern.

Dr. Mercer was seen in regard to the deal and seemed clated rather than depressed, saying that from a financial standpoint he should be congratulated, as he made a good investment, and got a splendid interest on the money he had put into the motor system. He had invested, he said, \$1,250,000 in the enterprise, and therefore owned only a quarter interest, which was tar from enough to control the company. He did not, however, blame the stock-holders who had frozen nim out. He said that the matter of consolidation had been under conmatter of consolidation had been under consideration for some time, but shook his head dubiously and said he was afraid that the consolidation would not be a good thing for the people.

Just at the close of the consultation that

rumor in regard to the consolidation was Mr. Brown said that the directors of both companies thought that the combination would mure to the general welfare of the public and also the companies interested. It would save a large expenditure of money and the railway company would obtain pos-session of streets which would enable it to more adequately satisfy the demands of the

resulted in the consolidation, President Frank Murphy, Mr. J. J. Brown and Sena-

tor Paddock were seen and admitted that the

Mr. Brown said further that he and Or. Mercer would be the only directors in the old motor who would enter the board in the new one. The stockholders in the old company would retain their interest in the new company according to the extent of their investment,

Mr. Brown and Mr. Murphy placed the value of the consolidated company at \$5,000,000, the value which Dr. Mercer had fixed on the motor line alone. They would not name the selling price of the motor system, though it has been stated to be \$1,000,000 Mr. Marphy said that none of the lines would be abandoned, but would instead be perfected in service and the extensions already proposed would be made.

The Omaha Motor railway was originally created by Dr. Mercer, who put about \$150,-000 into it, and finding it a heavy load took in several local capitalists. The commany was reerganized and stocked at \$500,000, divided between J. H. Millard, Will Millard, Dr. Mercer, E. W. Nash and J. J. Brown. The road bed, motor plant, and rolling stock were then bonded for \$100,000 and the new organization having brains and ability imme-diately worries the old by tapping its re-ceipts and the result is that chronicled above. It will be noticed that there is a wide dif

The Omaha Motor company has now twenty-four regular trains. Eleven of these are on the Sherman avenue, South Sixteenth and Vinton line, ten on the Walnut Hill. South Eleventh and Vinton street line, and three on the Twenty-accord and Twenty-lifth

Mercer and the other gentlemen.

streeet line. As soon as a new supply of trolley wire arrives the South Omana line will be equipped for service. The Omana Street Railway company re-

ceived half a dozon new cars for its service. Do you suffer from scrofula salt rheum, or otherhumors? Take Hood's Sarsa-parilla, the great blood purifier. 100

doses one dollar. TROUBLE ON HIS MIND.

J. B. Bruner Alleges That He Was Counted Ont. At 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon Prof. J. B. Bruner walked nervously back and forth

in the Millard hotel office. Dick Berlin smiled like a June moraing at the news stand girl, and George Heimrod dropped a nickle in the patent scales which registered his weight at 1781c That machine is either out of kelter about two pounds," said George, as he stepped off the platform, for this campaign is beginning to tell on me. I am certainly not losing

flesh. In the meantime Chairman Gurley had called the republican county central committee to order in the private office, ordered everybody out except members, and locked

the doors. Bruner's impatience grew wearisome But there was something troubling the old man's mind. As learned later, he had sent a communication to the committee asking for an investigation, which would give him an opportunity to prove that he had been fairly nominated for another term as super-intendent of public instruction at the late county convention.

"Do you know, they call me a mascot," said Richard to the girl whose attention he had attracted, and was making blush demarely with one of his biandest, I am-a-regular-heart breaker smiles. "No," she replied, "not that, but I have heard you were a great politician, Mr. Berlin, and hope you will be elected."

With that compliment Dick strutted proudly across and also dropped a nickel in

He weigned a ton.
By this time the committee had settled down to business, and was in session nearly two hours. It elected C. R. Kelsey, perma-nent secretary, and T. K. Sudborough treasurer. After considerable discussion and consideration Chairman Gurley announced the following executive committee; John H. Butler, John Hoy, M. O. Ricketts, T. K. Sudborough, C L. Saunders, C. R. Kelsey, J. C. Thompson, U.- B. Batcombe, W. I. Kierstead, Ed Mayfield, S. C. Gibson and F. Corliss

lection of these officers and committeemen was kept secret, though every man talked with declared that nothing of importance had been done.

It was learned, however, that Prof.
Bruner's brother Charley had presented his
communication and asked that action be taken on it, though he got very little satis faction. The natter raised a big disturb-ance, and some of the fellows got quite warm under their collars; therefore, in order to restore harmon; the communica-tion was referred to the executive com-

The business transacted aside from the se-

An Absolute Cure. The ORIGINAL ABIETING OINTMENT is only put up in large two ounce tin boxes, and is an absolute cure for old sores, burns, wounds, chapped hands, and all skin erup, tions. Will hositively cure all kinds of piles-Ask for the ORIGINAL ABIETINE OINF-MENF. Sold by Goodman Drug cempany at 25 cents per box—by mail 30 cents.

Tariff Reform

An invitation is extended to all who may be interested in the subject of tariff reform to meet with the gentleman who have signed the subjoined agreement, at a first meeting to be held for the purpose of organization, on Wednesday, October 16, 1889, at 8 o'clock p. sm., in Max Meyer's hall, corner of We, the undersigned, in order to promote

the cause of tariff reform, hereby associate ourselves to form a branch organization of the American tariff reform league. J. M. Woolworth, George L. Miller, William Wallace, William W. Keysor, James W. Savage, Frank Murphy, Ben B. Wood, A. J. Poppleten, W. S. Poppleten, Thomas Kilpatrick, Frank Irwin, Gustave E. Sussdorf, A. D. Jones, A. B. Somers, Alexander L. Pollock, Alfred Miller, George B. Lake, C. L. Garrison, Nat M. Brigham, Ernest Riall, W. A. L. Gibbon, J. T. Miles, Samuel Cotner, G. M. Hitchcock, John A. McShane, H. M. James, J. P. Piper, A. J. Webb, John E. Summers, Truman Buck, Samuel Rees, Warren Switzler, William S. Cartis, M. W. Riohardson, A. N. Henshaw, E. S. Stone, H. P. Deuel, M. V. Gannon, Thomas F. Boyd, John S. Shea, S. R. Towne, George H. Leslie, Homer P. Lewis, George W. Cook, J. J. Points, Robert W. Patrick, Harold Gifford, W. W. Herrick, E. Rosewater, Joseph Carneau, Jr., Charles Ogden.

Complexion Powder is an absolute necessity of the refined tollet in this climate. Pozzoni's combines every element of beauty and puarty.

Skipped With Mortgaged Property Frank Du Bois, one of the painting firm of Du Bois Brothers, has left the city with out previous notice, and now come seem ingly well authenticated reports of business irregularities that will give his confluing creditors a nervous fit, and possibly cause him trouble. Musical instru-ments, jeweiry and house furnishing goods are said to have been bought in large quanti-ties on the installment plan with only a little paid, and then he bundled his truck together and skipped. The wavging tongue of neighbors is all agog over it. Mr. Du Bois always bore a good reputation.

#### Coughing

IS Nature's effort to expel foreign substances from the bronchial passages. Frequently, this causes inflammation and the need of an anodyne. No other expectorant or anodyne is equal to Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It assists Nature in ejecting the mucus, allays irritation, induces repose, and is the most popular of all cough cures.

"Of the many preparations before the public for the cure of colds, coughs, bronchitis, and kindred diseases, there is none, within the range of my experi-ence, so reliable as Ayer's Cherry Pec-toral. For years I was subject to colds, followed by terrible coughs. About four followed by terrible coughs. About four years ago, when so afflicted, I was advised to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and to lay all other remedies aside. I did so, and within a week was well of my cold and cough. Since then I have always kept this preparation in the house, and feel comparatively secure."—Mrs. L. L. Brown, Denmark, Miss.

"A few years ago I took a severe cold A lew years ago I took a severe con-which affected my lungs. I had a ter-rible cough, and passed night after night without sleep. The doctors gave me up. I tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, which relieved my lungs, induced sleep, and afforded the rest necessary for the recovery of my strength. By the con-tinual use of the Pectoral, a permanent care was effected."—Horace Fairbrother, Rockingham, Vt.

### Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price \$1; six bottles, \$5.



320 CANDLE Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by M. H. Bliss and Perkins, Gatch &

## ONE. ONE. ONE. ONE.

If you will read to the bottom of this advertisement you will see what the four ones stand for. Mr.

# Z. T. LINDSEY,

Would respectfully announce that he is western agent for THE NEW JERSEY RUBBER SHOE CO., whose goods are strictly first class in every respect. Buyers of Artics, Excluders, Rubber Boots, Sandals, High Button Gaiters or fine pure gum Specialties or any other style of Rubber Boots and Shoes, should see that the

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Is stamped in the soles of each pair. Don't forget that Mr. Lindsey also sells at wholesale.

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